

8. What is a shift register that will accept a parallel input, or a bidirectional serial load and internal shift features called? CO4 K2
- 1.tristate 2.end around
3.universal 4.conversion
9. To tune a parallel resonant circuit to a higher frequency, the capacitance should be _____. CO5 K1
- 1.increases 2.decreases
3.decreases and increases 4.disappears
10. In electronics and telecommunication, _____ is the desirable or undesirable transfer of energy from one medium, such as a metallic wire or an optical fiber, to another medium. CO5 K2
- 1.Radiated coupling 2.Diffusive coupling
3.coupling 4.DC coupling

Q. No. SECTION - B (5 * 4 = 20 Marks) CO(s) K - Level
Answer ALL Questions

11. (a) Write the Boolean expression for $F(A,B)=\Sigma m(1,2,3)$. CO1 K1
[OR]
- (b) Explain the universal logic gate and draw the symbol. CO1 K1
12. (a) Difference between half-adder and full-adder? CO2 K2
[OR]
- (b) What is multiplexing? What is the function of the enable input in a multiplexer? CO2 K2
13. (a) Explain the flip-flops with circuit diagram and draw the truth table. CO3 K2
[OR]
- (b) Mention the advantages of flip-flop. CO3 K2
14. (a) Mention the advantage of asynchronous counter. CO4 K3
[OR]
- (b) List out the application of shift registers. CO4 K3
15. (a) Explain the chus's diode. CO5 K4
[OR]
- (b) Mention the advantages of coupling. CO5 K4

Q. No. SECTION - C (3 * 10 = 30 Marks) CO(s) K - Level
Answer any of 3

16. Explain the truth table and draw the symbol of the logic gates including AND, OR, NOT, NAND and EX-OR. CO1 K1
17. Define the four rules of binary addition, subtraction and multiplication. CO2 K2
18. Explain in detail the flip-flop with truth table and draw the circuit diagram. CO3 K3
19. Briefly explain about different types of counter. CO4 K4
20. Explain in details about the linear and nonlinear circuit element. CO5 K4
